Table 4.6
Summary of Stormwater Discharge Evaluation for Lead Trans-Lake Water Quality Study

Water Quality Criteria for Lead ⁸					
Acute Criteria	Chronic Criteria				
16.4 ug/L	0.64 ug/L				

			Stormwater Runoff	Stormwater	Stormwater Discharge	Concentrations in	n Containment Lagoon duri	Concentration at the	Concentration at	
Stormwater	Bridge	Rainfall/Runoff	Average Conc. 1	Treatment Removal	Concentration ³	Concentraton at 25%	Concentration at 50%	Concentration at 100%	Lagoon Interface	Mixing Zone
Alternative	Alternative	Scenario	Lead (ug/L)	Efficiency ²	Lead (ug/L)	Storm Flow into Lagoon ⁵	Storm Flow into Lagoon ⁵	Storm Flow into Lagoon ⁵	with Lake (10 ft) ⁶	Boundary (100 ft) ⁷
I. Pontoons with	4	10% WQ Treatment	21.9	0.64	7.9	0.04	0.06	0.08	0.02	0.00
Catch Basins		50% WQ Treatment	21.9	0.64	7.9	0.21	0.28	0.42	0.08	0.02
		WQ Treatment	21.9	0.64	7.9	0.42	0.56	0.84	0.17	0.04
	6	10% WQ Treatment	21.9	0.64	7.9	0.03	0.05	0.07	0.03	0.01
		50% WQ Treatment	21.9	0.64	7.9	0.17	0.23	0.34	0.14	0.03
		WQ Treatment	21.9	0.64	7.9	0.34	0.45	0.68	0.27	0.07
	8	10% WQ Treatment	21.9	0.64	7.9	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.02	0.01
		50% WQ Treatment	21.9	0.64	7.9	0.07	0.09	0.14	0.11	0.04
		WQ Treatment	21.9	0.64	7.9	0.14	0.18	0.27	0.22	0.09
II. Pontoons with	4	10% WQ Treatment	21.9	0.64	7.9	0.04	0.06	0.08	0.02	0.00
Vault System		50% WQ Treatment	21.9	0.64	7.9	0.21	0.28	0.42	0.08	0.02
		WQ Treatment	21.9	0.64	7.9	0.42	0.56	0.84	0.17	0.04
	6	10% WQ Treatment	21.9	0.64	7.9	0.03	0.05	0.07	0.03	0.01
		50% WQ Treatment	21.9	0.64	7.9	0.17	0.23	0.34	0.14	0.03
		WQ Treatment	21.9	0.64	7.9	0.34	0.45	0.68	0.27	0.07
	8	10% WQ Treatment	21.9	0.64	7.9	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.02	0.01
		50% WQ Treatment	21.9	0.64	7.9	0.07	0.09	0.14	0.11	0.04
		WQ Treatment	21.9	0.64	7.9	0.14	0.18	0.27	0.22	0.09

Notes

- ¹ Stormwater runoff concentration based on average event mean concentration (EMC) from Caltrans highway monitoring data collected in 2000-01 (Kayhanian, et al., 2002).
- Stormwater treatment removal efficiency represents the low range of Alternative 4's estimated effectiveness, as identified in the AKART analyses (see Table 3.2).
- ³ Stormwater discharge concentration is concentration of pollutant remaining after the stormwater treatment removal efficiency is applied to the average stormwater runoff concentration.
- ⁴ Background Lake Washington lead level of 0.03 ug/L (median) was added into the stormwater discharge concentration to represent the mixed final concentration.
- ⁵ Dilutions are calculated to represent stages in the storm event (25, 50 and 100 percent) during which the stormwater discharge mixes with progressively greater volumes of water in the containment lagoon (50, 75, and 100 percent); the calculations assume no escapement of runoff.
- ⁶ Dilution at 10 feet from the bottom edge of the containment lagoon's interface with Lake Washington. Dilution rates at this interface decrease with increasing width of the containment lagoon.
- Dilution at the mixing zone boundary (100 feet from the containment lagoon discharge point) results from turbulent mixing and vertical diffusion in the lake. These dilutions are plausible minimum values under dry season lake conditions.
- Based on Surface Water Quality Standards for Washington (WAC 173-201A). The freshwater acute criteria is a 1-hour average concentration and chronic criteria is a 4-day average concentration, both are not to be exceeded more than once every three years on the average. Background hardness assumed is 38 mg/L, and this is the minimum observed in the lake.

Abbriveations:

WA - Washington Conc. = concentration WQ = water quality % = percent

ug/L = micrograms per liter ft = feet

EPA = Environmental Protection Agency mg/L = milligrams per liter

